

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
THE MEDWAY BADMINTON ASSOCIATION LIMITED
Incorporated 23 September 1983
Company No 01755572
Registered Charity No 1187897

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PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
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OF
THE MEDWAY BADMINTON ASSOCIATION LIMITED
(Adopted by special resolution passed on 14th May 2019)

1. Interpretation

1.1 In these Articles, unless the context otherwise requires:

Act: means the Companies Act 2006;

Articles: means the Charity's articles of association for the time being in force;

Business Day: means any day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in the United Kingdom) on which clearing banks in the City of London are generally open for business;

Chairman: means the person that chairs the Board

Charities Act: means the Charities Act 2011;

Charity: means The Medway Badminton Association Limited, which is a charitable company regulated by the Articles;

Charity Commission: means the Charity Commission for England and Wales;

Circulation Date: in relation to a written resolution, has the meaning given to it in the Act;

Clear days: in relation to a period of notice means a period of days not including the day on which notice was given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;

Connected Person: means any person falling within one of the following categories:

- a) any spouse, civil partner, parent, child, brother, sister, grandparent or grandchild of a Director; or
- b) the spouse or civil partner of any person in (a); or
- c) any person who carries on business in partnership with a Director or with any person in (a) or (b); or
- d) an institution which is controlled by either a Director, any person in (a), (b) or (c), or a Director and any person in (a), (b) or (c), taken together;
- e) a corporate body in which a Director or any person in (a), (b) or (c) has a substantial interest, or two or more such persons, taken together, have a substantial interest.

Sections 350 to 352 of the Charities Act apply for the purposes of interpreting the terms used in this Article;

Director: means a director of the Charity. The Directors are charity trustees as defined in the Charities Act;

document: includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form;

electronic form and electronic means: have the meaning given to such terms in section 1168 of the Act;

Financial Expert: means a person who is reasonably believed by the Directors to be qualified to give advice on investments by reason of his ability in and practical experience of financial and other matters relating to investments;

Member: means a person who is a subscriber to the Memorandum or who is admitted to membership in accordance with the Articles;

Model Articles: means the model articles for private companies limited by guarantee contained in Schedule 2 to the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (*SI 2008/3229*);

Objects: means the objects of the Charity as stated in Article 2;

Special resolution: has the meaning given in section 283 of the Act;

United Kingdom: means Great Britain and Northern Ireland; and

writing: means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise.

- 1.2 Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles.
- 1.3 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.4 Words importing one gender shall include the other genders; words importing persons shall include bodies corporate and unincorporated; words importing the singular shall include the plural and vice versa.
- 1.5 A reference in these Articles to an **Article** is a reference to the relevant Article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.6 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation is a reference to it as it is in force from time to time, taking account of:
 - (a) any subordinate legislation from time to time made under it; and

- (b) any amendment or re-enactment and includes any statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation which it amends or re-enacts.

1.7 Any phrase introduced by the terms **including, include, in particular** or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms.

1.8 The Model Articles shall not apply to the Charity.

2. Objects

2.1 The Charity's objects are restricted specifically, and only for the public benefit to promote the game of badminton and other athletic sports and pastimes in the Medway Towns and surrounding district.

2.2 Nothing in these Articles shall authorise an application of the property of the Charity for purposes which are not charitable in accordance with any statutory provision regarding the meaning of the word "charitable" or the words "charitable purposes" in force in any part of the United Kingdom.

3. Powers

In pursuance of the Objects, but not further or otherwise, and subject to Article 4.2, the Charity has the power to:

- (a) maintain a clubhouse and recreational facilities at Castlemaine Hall, 100 Castlemaine Avenue, Gillingham, in the County of Kent or elsewhere;
- (b) purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property or apparatus equipment and other items and any rights or privileges and to construct, maintain and alter any buildings or erections;
- (c) sell, improve, manage, develop, let, mortgage, dispose of or turn to account, exchange, let out on hire, or otherwise deal with all or any of the property or assets of the Charity;
- (d) to act and trustee and undertake and execute any charitable trusts;
- (e) borrow, or raise money on such terms and on such security as may be thought fit;
- (f) invest the monies of the Charity not immediately required for its purposes in or upon such investments, securities or property as may be thought fit, subject nevertheless to such conditions (if any) and such consents (if any) as may for the time being be imposed or required by law and subject as hereinafter provided;
- (g) co-operate with and to enter into any arrangements with Educational Authorities, National Authorities, Local Authorities, Charitable Organisations, persons, or associations interested in sports, games or other recreational or leisure time activities, and other bodies, associations and persons generally;

- (h) buy, sell, and deal in all kinds of provisions, refreshments, liquor, wines, spirits, cigarettes, cigars and other consumable articles, badminton rackets, shuttlecocks, sports clothing and footwear, and any other items of sports equipment as may be required by Members, and to obtain all licenses, certificates and authorities for any of the purposes aforesaid;
- (i) accept grants, donations, gifts, legacies, loans, subscriptions, and other assistance or property and to conform to any proper condition upon which the same may be offered or made;
- (j) trade in the course of carrying out the Objects and carry out any other trade which is not expected to give rise to taxable profits;
- (k) establish or purchase companies to carry on any trade;
- (l) lend and give credit to, take security for such loans or credit and enter into guarantees or give security for the performance of contracts by any person or company;
- (m) set aside funds for particular purposes or as reserves against future expenditure;
- (n) deposit or invest funds with all the powers of a beneficial owner, but to invest only after obtaining advice from a Financial Expert, having regard to the suitability of investments and the need for diversification;
- (o) delegate the management of investments to a Financial Expert, but only on terms that:
 - (i) the Charity's investment policy is set down in writing by the Directors for the Financial Expert;
 - (ii) all transactions are reported promptly and regularly to the Directors;
 - (iii) investment performance is reviewed regularly with the Directors;
 - (iv) the delegation arrangement may be cancelled by the Directors at any time;
 - (v) a review of the investment policy and the delegation arrangement shall be carried out at least annually;
 - (vi) all payments due to the Financial Expert fall within a scale or a level which is agreed in advance and are notified promptly to the Directors on receipt;
 - (vii) the Financial Expert must not do anything outside the powers of the Charity;
- (p) arrange for the investments or other property of the Charity to be held in the name of a nominee (meaning a corporate body registered or having an established place of business in the United Kingdom) which is either under the control of the Directors or of a Financial Expert acting on their instructions, and to pay any reasonable fee required;
- (q) co-operate with other bodies and to exchange information and advice with them;
- (r) establish or support or aid in the establishment and support of any organisation formed for objects similar to any or all of the Objects;
- (s) enter into partnership or other arrangement with any other body with objects similar to any or all of the Objects;

- (t) acquire, amalgamate or merge with, or undertake all or any of the property, liabilities and engagements of any body with objects similar to any or all of the Objects;
- (u) enter into contracts to provide services to or on behalf of other bodies;
- (v) provide or procure the provision of advice;
- (w) publish and distribute books, pamphlets, reports, leaflets, journals, films, tapes, instructional matter and any other form of information in or on any media;
- (x) promote, undertake and commission research, surveys, studies or other work and to disseminate the useful results;
- (y) subject to Article 4.3:
 - (i) employ and remunerate any person or persons as necessary for the proper pursuit of the Objects; and
 - (ii) make reasonable provision for the payment of pensions for employees and their dependents;
- (z) take out such insurance policies as are necessary to protect the Charity;
- (aa) provide indemnity insurance for the Directors or any other officer of the Charity in accordance with and subject to the conditions in section 189 of the Charities Act;
- (bb) open and operate bank accounts and other facilities for banking and draw, accept, endorse, issue or execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, cheques and other instruments;
- (cc) organise and assist in the provision of conferences, courses of instruction, exhibitions, lectures and other educational activities;
- (dd) provide and assist in the provision of money, materials or other aid;
- (ee) amalgamate or merge with or acquire or undertake all or any of the property, liabilities and engagements of anybody having objects similar to the Objects;
- (ff) pay out of the funds of the Charity the costs incurred in connection with the formation and registration of the Charity as a company and as a charity; and
- (gg) do anything lawful which is calculated to further the Objects or is conducive or incidental to doing so.

4. Application of income and property

- 4.1 The income and property of the Charity shall only be applied to promote the Objects.
- 4.2 The Charity shall not support with its funds any object or endeavour to impose on or procure to be obscured by its Members or other any regulation, restriction or condition which:
 - (a) would make it a Trade Union;
 - (b) is of a regulatory sectarian nature;

(c) is of a party political nature.

4.3 Except as provided below, no part of the income or property of the Charity may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any Member of the Charity. This shall not prevent any payment in good faith by the Charity of:

- (a) a benefit to any Member in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Charity;
- (b) reasonable and proper remuneration to any Member for any goods or services supplied to the Charity, provided that Article 5 applies if such a Member is a Director;
- (c) interest on money lent by a Member to the Charity at a reasonable and proper rate;
- (d) reasonable and proper rent for premises demised or let by a Member to the Charity; and
- (e) any payment to a Member who is also a Director which is permitted under Article 5.

5. Benefits and payments to Directors and Connected Persons

5.1 A Director:

- (a) is entitled to be reimbursed reasonable out-of-pocket expenses properly incurred when acting on behalf of the Charity;
- (b) may benefit from trustee indemnity insurance purchased by the Charity in accordance with section 189 of the Charities Act;
- (c) may receive payment under an indemnity from the Charity in the circumstances set out in Article 36;
- (d) may not receive any other benefit or payment from the Charity unless it is authorised by this Article 5.

5.2 Unless the benefit or payment is permitted under Article 5.3, no Director (including a Member who is also a Director) or Connected Person may:

- (a) buy any goods or services from the Charity on terms preferential to those applicable to members of the public;
- (b) sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the Charity;
- (c) be employed by, or receive any remuneration from, the Charity; or
- (d) receive any other financial benefit from the Charity.

5.3 A Director or a Connected Person may:

- (a) receive a benefit from the Charity in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Charity provided that a majority of the Directors do not benefit in this way;
- (b) enter into a contract for the supply of services, or of goods that are supplied in connection with the provision of services, to the Charity where that is permitted in

accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, sections 185 and 186 of the Charities Act;

- (c) subject to Article 5.4, enter into a contract for the supply of goods to the Charity that are not supplied in connection with services provided to the Charity by the Director or Connected Person;
- (d) receive reasonable and proper rent for premises let to the Charity;
- (e) receive interest at a reasonable and proper rate on money lent to the Charity;
- (f) take part in the normal trading and fundraising activities of the Charity on the same terms as members of the public; and
- (g) receive or retain any payment for which prior written authorisation has been obtained from the Commission.

5.4 The Charity and its Directors may only rely upon the authority provided by Article 5.3(c) if each of the following conditions is satisfied:

- (a) the amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods:
 - (i) is set out in an agreement in writing between the Charity and the Director or Connected Person supplying the goods (the **Supplier**) under which the Supplier is to supply the goods in question to the Charity;
 - (ii) does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question;
- (b) the other Directors are satisfied that it is in the best interests of the Charity to contract with the Supplier rather than someone who is not a Director or Connected Person. In reaching that decision, which must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting, the Directors must balance the advantages of contracting with a Director against the disadvantages of doing so;
- (c) the Supplier:
 - (i) is absent from the part of the meeting at which there is discussion of the proposal to enter into a contract or arrangement with regard to the supply of goods to the Charity by them;
 - (ii) does not vote on any such matter and is not counted when calculating whether a quorum of Directors is present at the meeting; and
- (d) a majority of the Directors then in office are not in receipt of remuneration or payments authorised by Article 5.

5.5 In Article 5.3 and Article 5.4, the "Charity" includes any company in which the Charity:

- (a) holds more than 50% of the shares; or
- (b) controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares; or
- (c) has the right to appoint one or more Directors to the company.

5.6 A Director's duty under the Act to avoid a conflict of interest with the Charity does not apply to any transaction authorised by this Article 5.

6. Winding up

6.1 On the winding up or dissolution of the Charity, after provision has been made for all its debts and liabilities, any assets or property that remain (the **Charity's remaining assets**) shall not be paid or distributed to the Members (except to a Member that is itself a charity and qualifies to benefit under this Article) but shall be applied or transferred:

- (a) directly for one or more of the Objects;
- (b) to any charity or charities for purposes similar to the Objects; or
- (c) to any charity or charities for particular purposes falling within the Objects.

6.2 The decision on who is to benefit from the Charity's remaining assets, pursuant to Article 6.1, may be made by resolution of the Members at or before the time of winding up or dissolution and, subject to any such resolution of the Members, may be made by resolution of the Directors at or before the time of winding up or dissolution.

6.3 In the event that no resolution is passed by the Members or by the Directors in accordance with this Article, the Charity's remaining assets shall be applied for charitable purposes as directed by the court or the Charity Commission.

7. Liability of members

The liability of each Member is limited to £1, being the amount that each Member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Charity in the event of its being wound up while they are a Member or within one year after they cease to be a Member, for:

- (a) payment of the Charity's debts and liabilities contracted before they cease to be a Member,
- (b) payment of the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up, and
- (c) adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.

8. Members

8.1 The number of Members shall at no time fall below 25.

8.2 The Charity shall admit to membership an individual who:

- (a) applies to the Charity using the application process set out in Article 8.4; and
- (b) is approved by a simple majority rate of the Directors.

8.3 The Directors may in their absolute discretion accept or decline to accept any application for membership and need not give reasons for doing so.

8.4 Subject to the provisions of Article 8.9, creed, ethnic origin and disability of any kind shall not be a bar to membership every individual who applies for membership must be proposed and seconded by Members and must communicate his application in writing to the Charity including the following particulars:

I/We desire to become a Member of The Medway Badminton Association Limited and I/we agree, if admitted, to be bound by the Articles of the Association and Rules of the Association.

Full Name(s) of Candidate(s)

Date of Birth

Address(es)

Signature(s) of Candidate(s)

Proposer Seconder

The Directors shall cause the names and date of joining of each new member to be exhibited prominently in the Charity’s premises in a part frequented by the Members for a period of at least seven days.

8.5 The Charity shall maintain a register of Members and shall enter the name and address of Members on admittance. The details of any person ceasing to be a Member shall be removed from the register.

8.6 Membership is not transferable.

8.7 Annual subscription payable by Members shall be due on the 30th day of September in each year. Such subscription shall be deemed to be a debt to the Charity for the time being.

8.8 If any Member shall fail to pay the subscription within 28 days after it has become due, the Charity shall be entitled to send him a notice in writing to his address as recorded in the Register of Members calling on him to pay the same within 7 days. If he shall fail to pay his subscription

the Directors shall be entitled to terminate his membership without further notice. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a new Member shall fail to pay his subscription within 56 days of admission to membership, his admission to membership shall be deemed null and void.

- 8.9 As at the date of adoption of these Articles, the Charity has established the classes of membership with different rights and obligations as set out below:
- (a) full membership for persons over the age of 18 with full voting rights and an obligation to pay an annual subscription fixed at the annual general meeting;
 - (b) junior membership for persons below the age of 18 with no voting rights; and on such terms and such subscription as the Directors shall determine from time to time; subject to Article 8.4 but without the requirement for such persons to be proposed or seconded by existing Members;
 - (c) associate membership for persons over the age of 18 with no voting rights; on such terms and such subscription as is determined at the annual general meeting and this shall be done on September 30th in each year;
 - (d) temporary membership for persons precluded by distance or circumstances from making full use of the privileges of other membership; with no voting rights;
 - (e) for periods of no more than one month in aggregate in any 12 month period; on such terms and such subscription as the Directors shall determine from time to time;
 - (f) honorary life membership for existing Members; with voting rights; the rights of full Members without any obligation to pay an annual subscription having been proposed pursuant to a resolution of the Directors passed by at least a two third majority;
- provided that the aggregate number of temporary, associate and honorary life Members shall not exceed one tenth of all other Members at any one time.
- 8.10 Any Member shall be entitled to introduce guests to the Charity's premises provided that no person whose application for membership has been declined or who has been expelled from the membership of the Charity shall be introduced as a guest. The Member introducing the guest shall enter the name and address of the guest together with his own name in a book that shall be kept at the Charity's premises. Guests shall not be permitted to purchase intoxicating liquor of any description for consumption off the Charity's premises.
- 8.11 Junior Members under the age of 18 shall not purchase or consume intoxicating liquor at the Charity's premises and any junior Member in breach of this provision shall be liable to expulsion under Article 9(d).
- 8.12 There may be admitted to the Charity's registered premises persons other than Members and their guests and intoxicating liquor may be sold to such persons (who are not under the age of 18 years) by or on behalf of the Charity for consumption on the premises and not elsewhere, provided that this provision will apply only upon days when league matches or competitions are played at the Charity's premises and will only apply so as to permit the sale of intoxicating liquor to players and officials taking part in such matches or competitions. For the purposes of this

Article a league match means one of a series of matches between teams representing different clubs or counties participating in league badminton. A competition means a tournament or single badminton event in which individuals complete against each other or in which teams representing different clubs or counties complete against each other.

9. Termination of membership

A Member shall cease to be a Member if:

- (a) the Member dies;
- (b) the Member resigns by giving notice to the Charity in writing;
- (c) any subscription payable by the Member to the Charity remains unpaid within six months of it falling due and the Charity notifies the Member in writing of the termination of their membership;
- (d) the Member is removed from membership by a resolution of the Directors passed by at least two thirds of the Directors present and entitled to vote that it is in the best interests of the Charity that the membership is terminated. Such a resolution may not be passed unless:
 - (i) the Member has been given at least 7 clear days' notice in writing of the meeting of the Directors at which the resolution will be proposed and the reasons why it will be proposed; and
 - (ii) the Member or, at the option of the Member, the Member's representative (who need not be a Member of the Charity) has been given a reasonable opportunity to make representations to the meeting either in person or in writing. The Directors must consider any representations made by the Member (or the Member's representative) and inform the Member of their decision following such consideration. There shall be no right of appeal from a decision of the Directors to terminate the membership of a Member.

A Member removed from membership by such a resolution shall remain liable to pay to the Charity any subscription or other sum owed by them and shall not be entitled to a refund of any such subscription or other sum paid by them to the Charity.

10. General meetings

10.1 The Charity shall hold an annual general meeting ~~before 15th July~~ in each year, with not more than 185 months elapsing between general meetings.

10.2 Each notice calling an annual general meeting shall specify the meeting as such and each annual general meeting shall take place at such time and place as the Directors shall think fit.

10.3 The business at an annual general meeting shall include:

- (a) the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, reports of the Directors and auditors;
- (b) the retirement, appointment or re-appointment of Directors in accordance with Article 19.1 to Article 19.3;
- (c) the determination of the annual subscription; and
- (d) the appointment of the auditors.

10.4 All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

11. Notice of general meetings

11.1 Extraordinary general meetings are called on a minimum of 14 clear days' notice. Annual general meetings are called on a minimum of 21 clear days' notice.

11.2 A general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the Members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority who together hold not less than 90% of the total voting rights.

11.3 The notice shall specify the date, time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. It shall also include a statement pursuant to the Act setting out the right of Members to appoint proxies.

11.4 The notice shall be given to:

- (a) each Member;
- (b) each Director;
- (c) the auditor for the time being of the Charity; and
- (d) displayed on a notice board at the Charity's premises.

11.5 Proceedings at a general meeting shall not be invalidated because a person entitled to receive notice of the meeting did not receive it because of an accidental omission by the Charity.

12. Proceedings at general meetings

12.1 Every general meeting of the Charity shall have a chair:

- (a) the Chairman shall chair general meetings of the Charity or, if the Chairman is absent, the Vice-Chairman shall act as chair.
- (b) if neither the Chairman nor the Vice-Chairman is present within 15 minutes of the time appointed for the meeting, a Director elected by the Directors present shall chair the meeting.

- (c) if there is only one Director present and willing to act, that Director shall chair the meeting.
- (d) if no Director is present and willing to chair the meeting within 15 minutes of the time appointed for the meeting, the Members present shall choose one of their number to chair the meeting.

12.2 No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. A quorum shall be 15 Members entitled to vote and personally present at the meeting.

12.3 If within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, or if during the meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall be adjourned until such other date, time and place as the Directors shall determine. If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, those Members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall be a quorum.

12.4 The chair of a general meeting may adjourn such a meeting when a quorum is present, if the meeting consents to an adjournment, and shall adjourn such a meeting if directed to do so by the meeting. The chair shall specify either that the meeting:

- (a) is to be adjourned to a particular date, time and place; or
- (b) shall be adjourned to a date, time and place to be appointed by the Directors;

and shall have regard to any directions as to date, time and place which have been given by the meeting.

12.5 If the meeting is adjourned until more than 14 days after the date on which it was adjourned, the Charity shall give at least seven clear days' notice of it to the same persons to whom notice of the Charity's general meetings is required to be given and containing the same information which such notice is required to contain.

12.6 No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place.

13. Voting at general meetings

13.1 A vote on a resolution proposed at a meeting shall be decided by a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is demanded in accordance with Article 13.5.

13.2 On a show of hands or on a poll every Member with voting rights over the age of 18 shall have one vote. The chair of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

13.3 Any objection to the qualification of any voter must be raised at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered and every vote not disallowed at the meeting

shall be valid. Any such objection must be referred to the chair of the meeting whose decision is final.

- 13.4 Unless a poll is demanded, the declaration of the chair of the result of the vote and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact and the number or proportion of votes cast in favour or against need not be recorded.
- 13.5 A poll may be demanded by:
- (a) the chair of the meeting;
 - (b) four or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution; or
 - (c) a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote on the resolution.
- 13.6 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if:
- (a) the poll has not yet been taken, and
 - (b) the chair of the meeting consents to the withdrawal.
- 13.7 A poll demanded on the election of a person to chair a meeting or on a question of adjournment must be taken immediately.
- 13.8 Otherwise, a poll demanded must be taken either immediately or at such time and place as the chair of the meeting directs, provided that it is taken within 30 days after it was demanded. If not taken immediately, either the time and place at which it is to be taken shall be announced at the meeting at which it was demanded or at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
- 13.9 The poll shall be conducted in such manner as the chair directs and the chair may fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
- 13.10 If a poll is demanded, this shall not prevent the meeting from continuing to deal with any other business that may be conducted at the meeting.

14. Proxies

- 14.1 A Member is entitled to appoint another person as a proxy to exercise all or any of the Member's rights to attend and to speak and vote at a meeting of the Charity.
- 14.2 Proxies may only be validly appointed by a notice in writing (a **proxy notice**) which:
- (a) states the name and address of the Member appointing the proxy;
 - (b) identifies the person appointed to be that Member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed;

- (c) is signed by or on behalf of the Member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the Directors may determine; and
- (d) is delivered to the Charity in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting (or any adjourned meeting) to which they relate.

A proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid unless the Directors, in their discretion, accept the notice at any time before the meeting.

- 14.3 The Charity may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes.
- 14.4 Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions.
- 14.5 Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as:
- (a) allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting; and
 - (b) appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates, as well as the meeting itself.
- 14.6 A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the Charity by or on behalf of that person.
- 14.7 An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the Charity a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given.
- 14.8 A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates.
- 14.9 If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf.

15. Written resolutions

- 15.1 Subject to Article 15.4, a written resolution of the Members passed in accordance with this Article 15 shall have effect as if passed by the Members in a general meeting. A written resolution is passed:
- (a) as an ordinary resolution if it is passed by a simple majority of the eligible Members; or

- (b) as a special resolution if it is passed by Members representing not less than 75% of the eligible Members. A written resolution is not a special resolution unless it states that it was proposed as a special resolution.
- 15.2 Where a resolution is proposed as a written resolution of the Charity, the eligible Members are the Members who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the Circulation Date of the resolution.
- 15.3 Any resolution of the Members for which the Act does not specify whether it is to be passed as an ordinary resolution or as a special resolution shall be passed as an ordinary resolution.
- 15.4 A Members' resolution under the Act removing a Director or an auditor before the expiration of his term of office may not be passed as a written resolution.
- 15.5 A copy of the written resolution must be sent to every Member together with a statement informing the Member how to signify their agreement to the resolution and the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse.
- 15.6 A Member signifies their agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Charity receives from them (or from someone acting on their behalf) an authenticated document identifying the resolution to which it relates and indicating the Member's agreement to the resolution. A Member's agreement to a proposed written resolution, once signified, cannot be revoked. For these purposes:
 - (a) if the document is sent to the Charity in hard copy form, it is authenticated if it bears the signature of the person sending it;
 - (b) if the document is sent to the Charity in electronic form, it is authenticated if the identity of the sender is confirmed in a manner specified by the Charity or, where no such manner has been specified by the Charity, if it is accompanied by a statement of the identity of the sender and the Charity has no reason to doubt the truth of that statement.
- 15.7 A written resolution is passed when the required majority of eligible Members have signified their agreement to it. In the case of a Member that is an organisation, its authorised representative may signify its agreement.
- 15.8 A proposed written resolution shall lapse if it is not passed within 28 days beginning with the Circulation Date.
- 15.9 Communications in relation to written resolutions shall be sent to the Charity's auditors in accordance with the Act.
- 15.10 The Members may require the Charity to circulate a resolution that may properly be moved and is proposed to be moved as a written resolution in accordance with sections 292 and 293 of the Act.

16. Directors

16.1 Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution on recommendation of the Directors of the Charity, the number of Directors shall not be less than 5 and no more than 11. From the Directors, the following officers shall be appointed annually at the annual general meeting and they shall assume office at the conclusion of the annual general meeting and continue in office until the conclusion:

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- (a) the Chairman, who shall when present take the chair at general meetings and at meetings of the Directors and when presiding at such meetings be entitled to a second or casting vote;
- (b) the Vice-Chairman, who in the absence of the Chairman shall be entitled to preside at general meetings and at meetings of the Directors, and in case of an equality of votes shall, when so presiding, have a second or casting vote;
- (c) the Secretary provided that he carried out his duties as Secretary in an honorary capacity and without receiving payment from the Charity for his services, and who shall conduct the correspondence and have custody of all documents of the Charity, cause correct minutes to be kept in the minute book of all meetings of the Charity and of the Directors, and normally be responsible for giving notice of general meetings and meetings of the Directors;
- (d) the Treasurer, provided that he carries out his duties as Treasurer in an honorary capacity and without receiving payment from the Charity for his services, and who shall be concerned with the receipt and payment of monies due to or by the Charity and shall cause correct accounts of such monies to be kept;
- (e) the Honorary Competition Secretary, who shall be responsible to the Directors for the management of the Charity's tournaments; and
- (f) the Honorary League Secretary, who shall be responsible to the Directors for the management of inter-club competitions.

16.2 Subject to Article 16.5, the Directors shall be elected annually at the Annual General Meeting and shall assume office at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting at which they are elected and continue in office until the conclusion of the following Annual General Meeting.

16.3 To be eligible for election as a Director a person must be a Member, proposed and seconded in writing by other Members of the Charity and such nominations shall be forwarded to the Secretary not later than a calendar month before the meeting the 15th May in each year. The names of all nominees shall be published on the Agenda for the annual general meeting. When there are more nominees than appointments the election shall be made by ballot. In the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall decide by lot which of the candidates so receiving an equal number of votes shall be elected.

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16.4 A Director may not appoint an alternate director or anyone to act on their behalf at meetings of the Directors.

16.5 The Directors may if they think fit fill any casual vacancy among the officers or Directors and any officer or Director so appointed shall hold office under the next following general meeting but shall too be eligible for re-election.

17. Powers of Directors

17.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Articles and any special resolution, the Directors shall be responsible for the management of the Charity's business and may exercise all the powers of the Charity for that purpose.

17.2 No alteration of the Articles or any special resolution shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors.

17.3 A meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all the powers exercisable by the Directors.

18. Appointment of Directors

18.1 Any person who is willing to act as a Director, and who is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a Director by:

- (a) ordinary resolution; or
- (b) by resolution of the Directors.

18.2 In any case where, as a result of death, the Charity has no Members and no Directors, the personal representatives of the last Member to have died have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a person to be a Director.

18.3 For the purposes of Article 19.2, where two or more Members die in circumstances rendering it uncertain who was the last to die, a younger Member is deemed to have survived an older Member.

18.4 Where a maximum number of Directors has been fixed, the appointment of a Director must not cause that number to be exceeded.

19. Retirement of Directors

19.1 At every annual general meeting the Directors shall retire from office but may, subject to this Article 19, offer themselves for reappointment by the Members.

19.2 Other than a Director retiring under Article 19.1, no person may be appointed a Director at any general meeting unless:

- (a) that person is recommended by the Directors; or

- (b) not less than 14 nor more than 35 clear days before the date of the meeting, the Charity has received a notice, signed by a Member entitled to vote at the meeting, which:
 - (i) indicates the Member's intention to propose the appointment of a person as a Director;
 - (ii) states the details of that person which, if they were appointed, would be required to be recorded in the Charity's register of Directors; and
 - (iii) is signed by the person to be proposed to show their willingness to be appointed.

19.3 All those who are entitled to receive notice of a general meeting shall, not less than seven nor more than 28 clear days before the date of the meeting, be given notice of any proposal to appoint or reappoint a Director at the meeting, whether on the recommendation of the Directors or because the Charity has received notice, pursuant to Article 20.3(b), of a Member's intention to propose an appointment. The requirement to give notice under this Article 19.3 shall not apply in the case of a Director who is to retire by rotation and seek reappointment.

19.4 No Director shall serve for more than nine consecutive years, unless the Directors consider it would be in the best interests of the Charity for a particular Director to continue to serve beyond that period and that Director is reappointed in accordance with the Articles.

19.5 If a Director is required to retire at an annual general meeting by a provision of the Articles the retirement shall take effect upon the conclusion of the meeting.

20. Disqualification and removal of Directors

A Director shall cease to hold office if they:

- (a) are removed by ordinary resolution of the Charity pursuant to the Act;
- (b) cease to be a Director by virtue of any provision in the Act or are prohibited by law from being a Director;
- (c) are disqualified from acting as a charity trustee by virtue of the Charities Act;
- (d) cease to be a Member of the Charity;
- (e) have a bankruptcy order made against them or a composition is made with their creditors generally in satisfaction of their debts;
- (f) have become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months;
- (g) resign by written notice to the Charity;
- (h) are absent from all the meetings of the Directors held within a period of 4 consecutive months, without the permission of the Directors, and the Directors resolve that their office be vacated; or

- (i) are removed from office by a resolution of the Directors that it is in the best interests of the Charity that their office be vacated passed at a meeting at which at least half of the Directors are present. Such a resolution must not be passed unless:
 - a) the Director has been given at least 14 clear days' notice in writing of the meeting of the Directors at which the resolution will be proposed and the reasons why it will be proposed; and
 - b) the Director has been given a reasonable opportunity to make representations to the meeting either in person or in writing. The other Directors must consider any representations made by the Director (or the Director's representative) and inform the Director of their decision following such consideration. There shall be no right of appeal from a decision of the Directors to terminate the Directorship of a Director.

21. Proceedings of Directors

- 21.1 Subject to the provisions of the Articles, the Directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit but shall hold a meeting at least once in every two months.
- 21.2 Acts done by a meeting of the Directors or of a committee or by a person acting as a Director shall not be invalidated by the subsequent realisation that:
 - (a) the appointment of any such Director or person acting as a Director was defective; or
 - (b) any or all of them were disqualified; or
 - (c) any or all of them were not entitled to vote on the matter.

22. Calling a Directors' meeting

- 22.1 Any individual Director may call a meeting of the Directors by giving a minimum of 14 days notice of the meeting to the Directors by requesting the Company Secretary or in his absence the Chairman to give such notice.
- 22.2 Notice of a meeting of the Directors must be issued to each Director, and must be in writing. The notice must specify:
 - (a) the time, date and place of the meeting;
 - (b) the general particulars of the business to be considered at the meeting; and
 - (c) if it is anticipated that the Directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting.

23. Participation in Directors' meetings

- 23.1 Any Director may participate in a meeting of the Directors in person or by means of video conference, telephone or any suitable electronic means agreed by the Directors and by which all those participating in the meeting are able to communicate with all other participants.
- 23.2 If all the Directors participating in the meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.

24. Quorum for Directors' meetings

- 24.1 The quorum for Directors' meetings shall be **four or 50% (rounded up) of the amount of Directors, whichever value is highest.**
- 24.2 At a Directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting.
- 24.3 If the total number of Directors for the time being is less than the quorum required for decision-making by the Directors, the Directors shall not take any decision other than a decision to:
- (a) appoint further Directors; or
 - (b) call a general meeting so as to enable the members to appoint further Directors.

25. Chairing Directors' meetings

If at any meeting of the Directors neither the chair nor vice-chair of Directors, if any, is participating in the meeting within ten minutes of the time at which it was to start, the participating Directors must appoint one of themselves to chair the meeting.

26. Decision-making by Directors

- 26.1 The general rule about decision-making by Directors is that any decision of the Directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with Article 28.
- 26.2 Each Director has one vote on each matter to be decided, except for the chair of the meeting who, in the event of an equality of votes, shall have a second or casting vote (unless, in accordance with the Articles, the chair of the meeting is not to be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum or voting purposes).

27. Unanimous decisions by Directors

- 27.1 A decision of the Directors is taken in accordance with this Article when all eligible directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.

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27.2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, copies of which have been signed by each eligible Director or to which each eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.

27.3 References in this Article to eligible Directors are to Directors who would have been entitled to vote on the matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a Directors' meeting.

27.4 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this Article if the eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting.

28. Delegation by Directors

28.1 The Directors may delegate, on such terms of reference as they think fit, any of their powers or functions to any committee comprising two or more Directors. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall be ex-officio members of all such committees.

28.2 The Directors may delegate the implementation of their decisions or day-to-day management of the affairs of the Charity to any person or committee.

28.3 The terms of reference of a committee may include conditions imposed by the Directors, including that:

- (a) the relevant powers are to be exercised exclusively by the committee to whom the Directors delegate; and
- (b) no expenditure or liability may be incurred on behalf of the Charity except where approved by the Directors or in accordance with a budget previously agreed by the Directors.

28.4 Persons who are not Directors may be appointed as members of a committee, subject to the approval of the Directors and provided that the purchase and supply of intoxicating liquor shall be in the absolute discretion of the Directors and may only be delegated to a committee comprising at least three Directors and not any person who is not a Director.

28.5 Every committee shall act in accordance with the terms of reference on which powers or functions are delegated to it and, subject to that, committees shall follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of the Articles which govern the taking of decisions by Directors.

28.6 The terms of any delegation to a committee shall be recorded in the minute book.

28.7 The Directors may revoke or alter a delegation.

28.8 All acts and proceedings of any committee shall be fully and promptly reported to the Directors.

29. Conflicts of interests

29.1 A Director must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which they have in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Charity or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the Charity which has not previously been declared.

29.2 A Director must absent themselves from any discussions of the Directors in which it is possible that a conflict will arise between their duty to act solely in the interests of the Charity and any personal interest (including, but not limited to, any personal financial interest).

29.3 If a conflict of interests arises for a Director because of a duty of loyalty owed to another organisation or person and the conflict is not authorised by virtue of any other provision in the Articles, the unconflicted directors may authorise such a conflict of interests where the following conditions apply:

- (a) the conflicted director is absent from the part of the meeting at which there is discussion of any arrangement or transaction affecting that other organisation or person;
- (b) the conflicted director does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when considering whether a quorum of directors is present at the meeting; and
- (c) the unconflicted directors consider it is in the interests of the charity to authorise the conflict of interests in the circumstances applying.

In this Article 29.3 a conflict of interests arising because of a duty of loyalty owed to another organisation or person only refers to such a conflict which does not involve a direct or indirect benefit of any nature to a director or to a connected person.

30. Secretary

30.1 The Directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term at such remuneration and on such conditions as the Directors think fit. From time to time the Directors may decide to remove such person and to appoint a replacement.

30.2 A secretary who is also a Director may not be remunerated, otherwise than as permitted by these Articles.

31. Minutes

The Directors shall cause the Charity to keep the following records in writing and in permanent form:

- (a) minutes of proceedings at general meetings;
- (b) minutes of meetings of the Directors and of committees of the Directors, including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting;

- (c) copies of resolutions of the Charity and of the Directors, including those passed otherwise than at general meetings or at meetings of the Directors; and
- (d) particulars of appointments of officers made by the Directors.

32. Seal

- 32.1 The seal, if any, may only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors authorised by the Directors.
- 32.2 The Directors may determine by what means and in what form the seal is to be used.
- 32.3 Unless otherwise decided by the Directors, if the seal is affixed to a document, the document must also be signed by at least one authorised person in the presence of a witness who attests the signature.
- 32.4 For the purposes of this Article, an authorised person is:
 - (a) any Director;
 - (b) the secretary (if any); or
 - (c) any person authorised by the Directors for the purpose of signing documents to which the seal is applied.

33. Records and accounts

- 33.1 The Directors shall comply with the requirements of the Act and the Charities Act as to maintaining a Members' register, keeping financial records, the audit or examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Charity Commission of:
 - (a) annual reports;
 - (b) annual returns; and
 - (c) annual statements of account.
- 33.2 Accounting records relating to the Charity must be made available for inspection by any Directors at any reasonable time during normal office hours.
- 33.3 A copy of the Charity's latest available statement of account shall be supplied on request to any Director or Member, or to any other person who makes a written request and pays the Charity's reasonable costs of fulfilling the request, within two months of such request.

34. Communications

- 34.1 The Charity may deliver a notice or other document to a Member:

- (a) by delivering it by hand to the address recorded for the Member in the register of Members;
- (b) by sending it by post or other delivery service in an envelope (with postage or delivery paid) to an address recorded for the Member in the register of Members;
- (c) by fax to a fax number notified by the Member in writing;
- (d) by electronic mail to an address notified by the Member in writing;
- (e) by a website, the address of which shall be notified to the Member in writing; or
- (f) by advertisement in at least two national newspapers.

34.2 This Article does not affect provisions in any relevant legislation or the Articles requiring notices or documents to be delivered in a particular way.

34.3 If a notice or document is delivered by hand, it is treated as being delivered at the time it is handed to or left for the Member.

34.4 If a notice or document is sent:

- (a) by post or other delivery service in accordance with Article 35.1(b), it is treated as being delivered:
 - (i) 24 hours after it was posted, if first class post was used; or
 - (ii) 72 hours after it was posted or given to delivery agents, if first class post was not used;provided it can be proved conclusively that a notice or document was delivered by post or other delivery service by showing that the envelope containing the notice or document was:
 - (iii) properly addressed; and
 - (iv) put into the post system or given to delivery agents with postage or delivery paid.
- (b) by fax, it is treated as being delivered at the time it was sent;
- (c) by electronic mail, it is treated as being delivered at the time it was sent;
- (d) by a website, it is treated as being delivered when the material was first made available on the website, or if later, when the recipient received (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material was available on the website.

For the purposes of this Article, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a Business Day.

34.5 If a notice is given by advertisement, it is treated as being delivered at midday on the day when the last advertisement appears in the newspapers.

35. Irregularities

The proceedings of any meeting or the taking of any poll or the passing of a written resolution or the making of any decision shall not be invalidated by reason of any accidental informality or irregularity (including by accidental omission to give or any non-receipt of notice) or want of qualification in any of the persons present or voting or by reason of any business being considered which is not specified in the notice.

36. Indemnity

36.1 Subject to Article 36.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which they may otherwise be entitled:

- (a) every Director or former director of the Charity shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Charity in relation to any liability they incur in that capacity; and
- (b) every other officer or former officer of the Charity may be indemnified out of the assets of the Charity in relation to any liability they incur in that capacity.

36.2 This Article does not authorise any indemnity to the extent that such indemnity would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Act or by any other provision of law and any such indemnity is limited accordingly.

37. Rules

37.1 The Directors may from time to time establish such rules as they may consider necessary or expedient for or conducive to the effective operation of the Charity. In particular, but without prejudice to the generality of the above, such rules may regulate:

- (a) the admission and classification of Members, and the rights and privileges of Members, and the conditions of membership and the terms on which Members may resign or have their membership terminated and the entrance fees, subscriptions and other fees or payments to be made by members;
- (b) the conduct of Members in relation to one another, and to the Charity's servants;
- (c) the setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the Charity's premises at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes;
- (d) the management and conduct of the Medway League, tournaments and any other competitions, and the hiring out of any of the Charity's facilities;
- (e) the procedure at general meetings and at Director's meetings insofar as such procedure is not regulated by these Articles; and
- (f) generally, all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of company rules.

37.2 The Charity in general meeting may alter, add to or repeal the rules by special resolution.

37.3 The rules shall be binding on all Members and no rule shall be inconsistent with or shall affect or repeal anything contained in the Articles.

37.4 The Directors shall adopt such means as they deem sufficient to bring such rules to the attention of the Members.